

FIRST NATIONS DRINKING WATER SETTLEMENT & INDIAN RESIDENTIAL DAY SCHOLARS CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT CLAIM FORM

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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- The First Nations Drinking Water Settlement first opened in June of 2021. Awareness of compensation came out and eligible members from their nations began the processes of applying for the impacted dates and for specified injuries.
 - On the claim form for individuals and for representatives, it has a section on places where you lived and for specified injuries. For places lived, there are people who have moved off reserve either for work, illness and for post secondary. Some have moved to other first nations.
 - The date has been extended until March 7, 2024.
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- There are 5 parts that must be filled out:
 - 1) Your name and key details
 - 2) Where you lived
 - 3) Authorization (meaning you agree to terms on where you lived)
 - 4) Specified Injuries
 - 5) Sworn/Affirmed Declaration. This must be signed by an approved guarantor, such a community leader.
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Part 1
 - When entering your key details, your status card number is not the 10-digit number. It is the number above the bar code. The registration number is where you would put the 10-digit number.
 - Any government ID is accepted. Health care numbers are not accepted because they are insurance cards.
 - For current address, you only need to put down your mailing address so you can receive correspondence from the claims administrator.
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Part 2
 - Places lived
 - There is a section that states I have lived on this impacted nation from to
 - To fill this part in, enter from date of birth until current date.
 - If you were off reserve during the impacted dates, you can still record the dates if you spent 6 months and 1 day on reserve and if you were also a post secondary student.
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Part 3
 - Authorization
 - Anyone over the age of 18 can be a witness.
 - This is also used to validate the dates that you have entered on your form.
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Part 4
 - Types of Harm:
 - Digestive, Respiratory/Breathing, Dermatological, Liver, Neurological, Blood Stream Infections, Kidney, Tumors or Cancer, and Mental Health
 - Specified Injuries (Medical Diagnosis)
 - Symptoms and Health Care Provider(s)
 - Harm Level 1 (More than 1 month, but less than 1 year)
 - Harm Level 2 (1 year or more)
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Part 5
 - Declaration regarding specified injuries and or identity.
 - If you have filled out the specifies injuries, you would need to seek out your leadership which is Chief and Council. You would also have to seek out Registered Accountants, Doctors, Lawyers, Police Officers, Teachers, Notary Public, and a Commissioner of Oaths.
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Frequently asked questions are:
 - I do not have custody papers, will this affect my application?
 - I submitted my claim without my medical, can I change this?
 - What about children in care? Who applies for them?
 - What documents do I need for my loved ones that has passed on?
 - What proof must I provide for the medical portion?
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Monies for surrounding First Nations
 - Living in a boil water advisory, non remote community would be 1300 per year
 - Living in a boil water/ do not consume, non remote community would be 1650 per year
 - Living in a boil water/do not consume/do not use non remote community would be 2000 per year
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement

- Kehewin is a boil water advisory community from April 23, 2011 to Sept 10, 2020, the pay out for living on reserve during the impacted dates would be approximately \$ 12,285.
 - Frog Lake is a boil water advisory community from July 14, 2005 to May 11, 2007, Sept 7, 2007 to April 23, 2012, Sept 6, 2012 to June 27, 2014, Feb 25, 2016 to Nov 16, 2017, the pay out for living on reserve during the impacted dates would be approximately \$ 12, 891.
 - Cold Lake is a boil water advisory community from Sept 17, 2010 to Dec 15, 2011, and from May 8, 2019 to June 20, 2021. The pay out for living on reserve during the impacted dates would be \$4333.
 - Whitefish Lake #128 is a boil water advisory community from Oct 25, 2002 to Dec 9, 2005, July 18, 2011 to Feb 25, 2013, Sept 8, 2017 to Oct 17, 2018, the pay out for living on reserve during the impacted dates would be approximately \$7,583.
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Indian Residential Day Scholar Class Action Settlement.

- The deadline for the application is October 4, 2023.
 - The Day Scholar is a person who attended an Indian Residential School, but did not sleep there at night.
 - Forms can be submitted online, by email, by fax and by mail.
 - There are 2 forms; for the Day Scholar and for the Estate.
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Indian Residential Day Scholar Class Action Settlement

- Section A
 - This section is where you would put your information down.
 - Full name
 - Date of Birth
 - Other names you were known by; nick name, maiden name, pre-adoptive name
 - You would also put your parent's names down if available.
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Indian Residential Day Scholar Class Action Settlement

- Section B
 - Contact Information
 - You would provide your current mailing address and other contact information such as phone numbers or email.
 - This is for correspondence from the Claims Administrator
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Indian Residential Day Scholar Class Action Settlement

- Section C
 - Day Scholar Attendance Information
 - Write in the approximate dates in which you attended, if not provide the age
 - There are 18 Alberta Residential Schools with Confirmed Day Scholars
 - There is also a section you can fill out if you believe that you attended an Indian Residential School as a Day Scholar and you can have that statement declaration signed by a witness.
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Indian Residential Day Scholar Class Action Settlement

- Section D
 - Payment Information
 - By Mail or by Direct Deposit
 - Section C
 - Authorization
 - You do not need to have a guarantor if you have a government ID. If you do not have ID, there is a list of witnesses that can help you witness and sign this declaration
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Indian Residential Day Scholar Class Action Settlement

- Make sure you have Identification and a direct deposit.
 - When applying for the Estate Claim form there is Section E to be filled out if there is no will. It will ask questions such as; How are you related to the deceased?
 - You can provide a death certificate, certificate of burial and you can also apply for the Application for Administration
 - You would also need to provide your own identification and direct deposit with this form
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First Nations Drinking Water Settlement &
Indian Residential Day Scholars Class Action
Settlement Claim Form

Thank You
